25TH - 30TH MARCH 2024 **ITINERARY 6D/5N**

ASSIS

Perugia - Orvieto - Todi - Bevagna - Spello

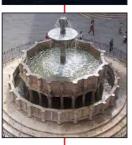
DAY 1

DAY 2

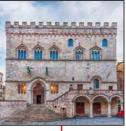


Meeting at Malta International Airport at 09:30, check-in and departure with RyanAir at 11:20. Arrival at San Francesco d'Assisi Airpot, Perugia at 13:00. Transfer to the Hotel in Assisi, check-in, and lunch. Visit Assisi and return to the Hotel for Dinner.













B'Fast at the Hotel. Day excursion to Perugia.

Perugia is the capital city of the Umbria region in central Italy. It is known for its rich history, medieval architecture, cultural events, and universities.

Fontana Maggiore in Piazza IV **Novembre**

The Fountain is a 13th-century masterpiece, showcasing medieval art and engineering excellence, and stands as a symbol of civic and cultural pride.

Cattedrale di San Lorenzo*

The Cathedral is a Gothic masterpiece with intricate sculptures, stained glass, and historical relics, reflecting centuries of architectural and religious significance.

Palazzo dei Priori*

A medieval civic palace, symbolizing political power with its impressive architecture and hosting a rich collection of art and artefacts.

Etruscan Arch

Perugia has remnants of Etruscan civilisation, and the Etruscan Arch is a symbol of the city's ancient past. The arch dates back to the 3rd century BC and is one of the city gates.

Perugina Chocolate Factory* Perugia is famous for its chocolate. Visitors can tour the factory, learn about chocolatemaking, and, of course, taste the delicious products.

University of Perugia





The city is home to one of the oldest universities in Italy, the University of Perugia. The university contributes to the city's vibrant student population and cultural atmosphere.

Rocca Paolina

This fortress was built in the 16th century by Pope Paul III and is a symbol of papal power. Today, parts of the fortress are accessible and provide panoramic views of the city.

Dinner at the Hotel.

B'Fast at the Hotel. Day excursion to Orvieto and nearby town Todi.

Orvieto is renowned for its wellpreserved medieval architecture, historic sites, and stunning views of the surrounding countryside.

Duomo di Orvieto*

The Cathedral is a masterpiece of Italian Gothic architecture, known for its intricate façade, beautiful frescoes, and stunning interior. The cathedral is dedicated to the Assumption of the Virgin Mary.

Orvieto Underground*

The town has a network of underground caves and tunnels which were originally used for various purposes, including storage, water wells, and as a refuge during times of war.

Pozzo di San Patrizio*

St. Patrick's Well is a historic well commissioned by Pope Clement VII in the 16th century to ensure a reliable water supply during times of siege.

Todi

Todi is situated on a tall twocrested hill overlooking the east bank of the Tiber River. The town has a rich history that dates back to ancient times.

Cattedrale di Santa Maria Annunziata

The Cathedral was consecrated in the 12th century, underwent subsequent renovations, blending Romanesque and Gothic styles.

Palazzo del Popolo*

A 13th-century communal palace, with its crenellated tower, civic hall, and ornate architecture, reflecting communal governance and historical importance.



DAY 3

















DAY 4









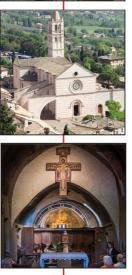
DAY 5











La Chiesa di San Fortunato The Church was built in the 13th century, features a stunning rose window, intricate frescoes by Gozzoli, and the tomb of Jacopone da Todi, embodying rich cultural heritage. Dinner at the Hotel.

B'Fast at the Hotel. Morning excursion to Bevagna and Wine Tasting. Free afternoon. Dinner at the Hotel. Maundy Thursday and Good Friday Services in Assisi.

Bevagna

St. Francis preached to the birds near Bevagna, Italy, at the "Bird's Chapel," a tranquil location reflecting his deep connection with nature and all living beings.

Wine Tasting*

Wine tasting is an art of savouring flavours, aromas, and textures. It involves observing color, swirling, sniffing, and tasting, appreciating a wine's complexity and nuances for a holistic experience.

Free Time and return to the Hotel for Dinner.

B'Fast at the Hotel. Day excursion in Assisi.

Assisi's beauty lies in its medieval charm, cobblestone streets, and panoramic views of Umbrian hills. The Basilicas and Cathedrals boast their timeless allure.

Basilica di San Francesco

Basilica di San Francesco in Assisi is a UNESCO World Heritage site, honoring St. Francis. Its medieval frescoes by Giotto hold profound religious and artistic and spiritual importance.

Santuario della Spogliazione Here St Francis had renounced his wealth, embracing a life of

poverty and devotion to God's calling. Here, we also find the body of Blessed Carlo Cutis.

Casa natale di San Francesco

The Casa Natale is the birthplace of St. Francis, offering insight into his early life and the foundation of the Franciscan Order.

Basilica di Santa Chiara

The Basilica was built in the 13th century, houses the tomb of St. Clare, founder of the Order of Poor Ladies, showcasing Gothic architecture.

San Damiano

San Damiano, a medieval church near Assisi, played a pivotal role in the life of St. Francis, where he received a divine message, leading to the foundation of the Franciscan Order. Dinner at the Hotel.

DAY 6



B'Fast and check-out at the Hotel. Visit the Porziuncola. Transfer to San Francesco d'Assisi Airport. Perugia, check-in, departure with RyanAir at15:20 and arrival at the International Airport, Malta at 17:20.



Porziuncola

The Porziuncola is a small chapel near Assisi, Italy, where St. Francis founded the Franciscan Order, marking a pivotal moment in Christian history.

The sites marked with an '*' have a separate entrance fee that you are free to entre during the time provided during the tour. The Perugina Chocolate Factory and the Wine Tasting need to be prebooked.